the U.S. Congress do not ratify or adjust these laws, as you said, is there any contingency plan for India?

DR. MANMOHAN SINGH: Mr. Chairman, Sir, it is not proper for me to disclose any contingency plan. But, if the US does not carry out its obligations, we are also free not to carry out our obligations.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO STARRED QUESTIONS

Opening of LoC for relief work

*328. SHRI SHARAD YADAV:
SHRI PYARELAL KHANDELWAL:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to open points on LoC between J&K and PoK with a view to provide assistance to recent earthquake victims which has hit the region;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the amount of assistance provided/ likely to be provided at these points for the victims, especially for those belonging to PoK; and

(c) the number of victims who have attended camps opened at these points and what is their response to it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI E. AHAMMED): (a) and (b) Following the earthquake of 8 October, 2005, India and Pakistan opened five crossing points across the Line of Control (LoC) at Nauseri - Tithwal (checkpost - Tithwal), Chakoti-Uri (checkpost - Kaman), Hajipir-Uri (checkpost-Silikot), Rawalakot-Poonch (checkpost- Chakan da Bagh), and Tattapani-Mendhar (checkpost-Balnoi) to allow for movement of relief material and people on either side of the LoC.

It has been agreed with Pakistan that with prior information and depending on feasibility, relief items can be sent in either direction and handed over to local authorities on the aforementioned crossing points.

The details of the Indian relief material sent across these crossing points are enclosed as Statement. (*See* below). Pakistan also provided some relief material through these crossing points.

(c) India has also made arrangements to open relief camps along the LoC at Kaman, Chakan da Bagh and Tithwal. It also offered to set up relief camps at the other two crossing points at Silikot and Balnoi. However, Pakistan did not accept the proposal.

Statement

Details of relief material sent across the LoC

S.No.	Name of Items	Quantity
1	2	3
Kaman 9th October, 2005		
1.	Tents	240
2.	Composite food packs	1000
3.	Rice	500 qtls.
4.	Sugar	90 qtls.
5.	Atta	600 qtls.
6.	Blankets	2350
7.	Medicines	worth Rs. 60,000/-
8.	Utensil sets	500
9.	Bleaching powder	4.5 qtls.
Chakan-da-Bagh 7th November, 2005		
1.	Tents	250
2.	Tarpaulin	3000
3.	Rice	1020.41 qtls.
4.	Atta	290 qtls.
5.	Sugar	100 qtls.
6.	Medicines	One truck load
Tithwal 12th November, 2005		
1.	Tents	47
2.	Ration packets	500 Nos. containing: 11 kgs rice; 1 kgs. Atta; 1 kg Sugar;

1	2	3
		2 kgs pulses; 1 kg milk powder; 1kgs salt; one bundle candles; one bundle match box; one packet Tea.
3.	Blankets	1080 Nos.
4.	Pherans	500
5.	Coir Mattresses	12
6.	Medicine	06 boxes
7.	Kitchen sets	264 Nos.
Balnoi 14th November, 2005		
1.	Rice	210 qtls.
2.	Atta	280 qtls.
3.	CGI Sheets	1788 mts.
Silikot 16th November, 2005		
1.	Blankets	1020
2.	Clothes	8 cartoons
3.	Tarpals	100 Nos.
4.	Kitchen Sets	501 Nos.
5.	Towels	300 Nos.
6.	Foam Mattresses	144 Nos.
7.	Composite food packs	500 bags

Abolition of Administrative Tribunals

*329. SHRI AMAR SINGH:
SHRI ABU ASIM AZMI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to abolish the Central Administrative Tribunals and the States Administrative Tribunals;